## GC Briefing

October 11, 2018

# Weather Sentinel Tropical Storm Michael

After making landfall as a high-end category-4 hurricane on the Florida Panhandle, Michael weakened to tropical storm status early this morning. Michael now sits about 40 miles west-northwest of Columbia, South Carolina and is moving rapidly to the northeast. Michael should clear the Atlantic coast tonight. Ongoing hazards include tropical storm wind conditions, storm surge in the Carolinas and heavy rain with flooding. Initial media reports indicate severe to complete damage for certain areas of the Florida Panhandle along and near the track of the storm.

#### Status at 8 AM EDT (12 UTC) Today (NHC)

Maximum Sustained Winds: 50 mph

Approximate Location: About 40 miles west-northwest of Columbia, South Carolina

Motion: Northeast at 21 mph

Minimum Central Pressure: 986 mb

Extent of Tropical-Storm-Force Winds from the Center: 160 miles

Status: Tropical Storm

#### Discussion

- According to advisories of the National Hurricane Center (NHC), Hurricane Michael made landfall yesterday on the Florida Panhandle near Tyndall AFB between Mexico Beach and Panama City Beach. Landfall occurred around 12:30 PM CDT (1730 UTC), at which time the NHC reported maximum sustained winds of 155 mph, a high-end category-4 hurricane on the Saffir-Simpson Scale. The minimum central pressure at the time of landfall was 919 mb. According to NHC statements this is the third-lowest pressure in recorded history, and the strongest landfalling hurricane since Andrew (1992), for a hurricane making landfall in the continental U.S.
- The most severely affected areas of the coast are still inaccessible, however initial media reports indicate severe to complete damage for near-coastal regions for areas including eastern Panama City and Panama City Beach, and Mexico Beach. Catastrophic wind damage has been reported including roof and wall failure for both residential and commercial properties, especially for cinder-block construction, and with some damage also reported for engineered structures. Near-coastal areas of Mexico Beach

- have been scoured clean due to storm surge and wave battering, according to initial media reports, with areas further inland showing severe to complete damage due to wind. Downed trees and powerlines have been reported over widespread areas along with resulting power outages.
- Michael weakened considerably following landfall and was downgraded to tropical storm status at 12 AM EDT (04 UTC) October 11.
- The center of Michael is now located about 40 miles west-northwest of Columbia, South Carolina and carries maximum sustained winds of 50 mph. The storm is moving rapidly to the northeast at 21 mph, and this motion is expected by the NHC to continue with an increase in forward speed. This should take the center of the storm through the Carolinas and southeastern Virginia before clearing the Atlantic coast tonight. The storm should maintain intensity before gaining strength tonight due to interaction with cold air of another frontal system. This is a large storm and hazards extend well away from the center of circulation.



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- The NHC maintains tropical storm warnings for areas under threat in the Carolinas and Georgia, and a storm surge watch for areas of the Carolinas. Specifics can be found at <a href="https://www.nhc.noaa.gov">www.nhc.noaa.gov</a>. Watches, warnings and advisories have also been issued for areas under threat by local National Weather Service Forecast Offices, available at <a href="https://www.weather.gov">www.weather.gov</a>; hazards include inland tropical storm conditions, high winds, coastal flooding, flooding and flashflooding. A tornado watch has just been issued for areas under threat in the Carolinas and eastern Virginia.
- This is a large storm, and conditions extend well away from the center of circulation. Ongoing hazards of concern include:
  - Storm surge to produce inundation heights above ground of 2-4 feet for areas of North Carolina.
  - Tropical storm wind conditions over portions of eastern and southeastern Georgia and South Carolina. Conditions will spread northward across central and eastern North Carolina today. Gale- to storm-force winds are also expected for areas of southeastern Virginia, northeastern North Carolina and the Delmarva Peninsula late tonight into early Friday. Downed trees and powerlines with some property and auto damage can be expected.
  - Heavy rainfall will also bring the threat of flooding and flash-flooding for affected areas,

- with amounts of 4-7 inches and local amounts to 9 inches expected by the NHC.
- The threat for isolated tornadoes will continue today for areas of the Carolinas and Virginia.

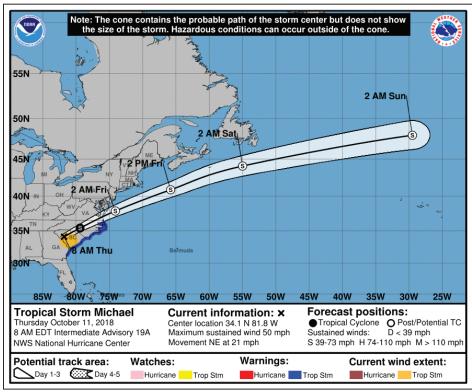
#### **Key Messages From The NHC**

- Heavy rainfall from Michael could produce life-threatening flash flooding over portions of Georgia, the Carolinas, and southeastern Virginia.
- Tropical storm conditions will continue to affect portions of the southeast U.S. coast from Georgia through North Carolina, and tropical storm warnings remain in effect for these areas.

Further Sentinel updates will be issued as materially new guidance comes available. Statements from the National Hurricane Center can be found at <a href="https://www.nhc.noaa.gov">www.nhc.noaa.gov</a>. Local National Weather Service watches, warnings and advisories can be found at <a href="https://www.weather.gov">www.weather.gov</a> (type in the location or zip code, or click on the map).

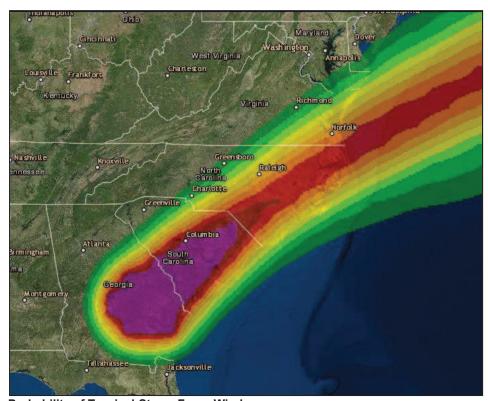
Local watches and warnings from official meteorological agencies, and statements from local emergency management agencies supersede this update, and should be closely heeded concerning matters of personal safety.





**NHC Position and Best Forecast** 

SOURCE: NOAA/NHC

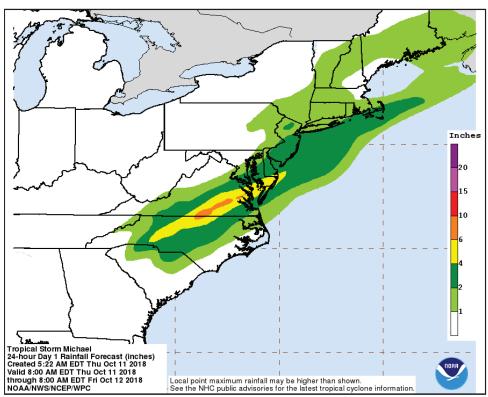


**Probability of Tropical-Storm-Force Winds** 

SOURCE: NOAA/NHC



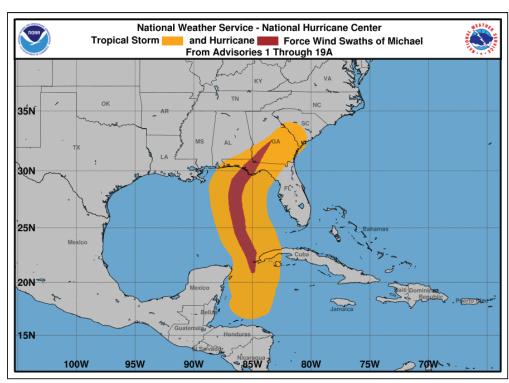
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**Forecast Rainfall Amounts** 

24 Hours Ending 8AM EDT (12 UTC) October 12

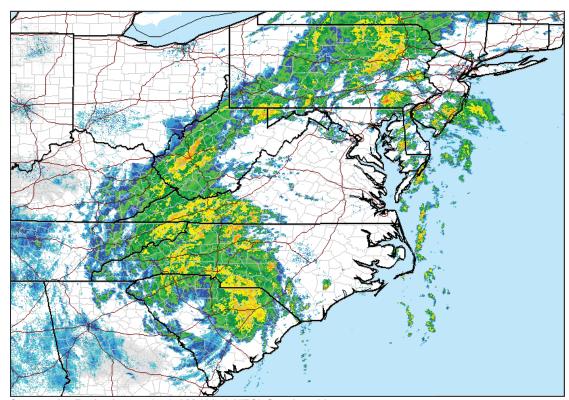
SOURCE: NOAA/NHC



Wind History SOURCE: NOAA/NHC



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Composite Radar Image 8:58 AM (1258 UTC) October 11

SOURCE: NOAA/NWS

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